## **Year 4 Curriculum Objectives**

DT Objectives	Autumn	Spring	Summer
Design: To research and develop design criteria to inform the design of innovative, functional, appealing products that are fit for purpose, aimed at particular  To generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through discussion, annotated sketches, crosssectional and exploded diagrams, To investigate and analyse a range of existing products	✓		✓
Make: To select from and use a wider range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [for example, cutting, shaping, joining and finishing], accurately  To select from and use a wider range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their functional properties and aesthetic qualities	<b>√</b>		<b>✓</b>
evaluate their ideas and products against their own design criteria using technical knowledge and consider the views of others to improve their work	<b>√</b>		<b>√</b>
understand and use electrical systems in their products [for example, series circuits incorporating switches, bulbs, buzzers and motors)	✓ (Lantern)		
understand how key events and individuals in design and technology have helped shape the world		✓	
understand and apply the principles of a healthy and varied diet.			✓ (Energy bar)

History Objectives	Autumn	Spring	Summer
Pupils should be taught about the achievements of the earliest civilisations – an overview of where and when the first civilisations appeared and a depth study of Ancient	<b>√</b>	Spg	
Egypt.			

Britain's settlement by Anglo-Saxons and Scots	✓	
Anglo-Saxon invasions, settlements and kingdoms: Place names and village life	✓	
Vikings are minor, Anglo-Saxons major	✓	
The Viking and Anglo-Saxon struggle for the Kingdom of England to the time of Edward the Confessor.	✓	
Viking raids and invasion resistance by Alfred the Great and Athelstan, first king of England further Viking invasions and Danegeld Anglo-Saxon laws and justice Edward the Confessor and his death in 1066	<b>√</b>	

Geography Objectives	Autumn	Spring	Summer
locate the world's countries, using maps to focus on Europe (including the location of Russia) and North and South America, concentrating on their environmental regions, key physical and human characteristics, countries, and major cities	<b>√</b> (Egypt)		<b>✓</b>
describe and understand key aspects of: <b>physical</b> geography, including: mountains,			✓ (Japan)
describe and understand key aspects of: human geography, inc: land use	✓		
Geographical skills and Fieldwork use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied	<b>√</b>		
use the points of a compass grid references (4 fig), symbols and key (including the use of Ordnance Survey maps) to build their knowledge of the United Kingdom and the wider world		<b>√</b>	✓
use fieldwork to observe, measure, record and present the human and physical features in the local area using a range of methods, including sketch maps, plans and graphs, and digital technologies.		✓	

Y4 Science Objectives	Autumn	Spring	Summer
Working scientifically:			
<ul> <li>asking relevant questions and</li> </ul>			
using different types of scientific			
enquiries to answer them			
setting up simple practical			
enquiries, comparative and fair			
tests			
making systematic and careful			
observations and, where			
appropriate, taking accurate measurements using standard			
units, using a range of equipment,			
including thermometers and data			
loggers			
<ul><li>gathering, recording, classifying</li></ul>			
and presenting data in a variety of			
ways to help in answering			
questions			
<ul> <li>recording findings using simple</li> </ul>	✓	✓	✓
scientific language, drawings,			
labelled diagrams, keys, bar charts,			
and tables			
<ul> <li>reporting on findings from</li> </ul>			
enquiries, including oral and			
written explanations, displays or			
presentations of results and			
conclusions			
using results to draw simple			
conclusions, make predictions for			
new values, suggest improvements			
and raise further questions			
<ul> <li>identifying differences, similarities or changes related to simple</li> </ul>			
scientific ideas and processes			
<ul> <li>using straightforward scientific</li> </ul>			
evidence to answer questions or to			
support their findings.			
States of Matter - Pupils should be taug	ht to:		
compare and group materials			
together, according to whether they			
are solids, liquids or gases			
observe that some materials change			
state when they are heated or cooled,			✓
and measure or research the			
temperature at which this happens in			
degrees Celsius (°C)			
identify the part played by evaporation			

and condensation in the water cycle		
and associate the rate of evaporation		
with temperature.		

Animals including Humans - Pupils shou	ld be taught to:		
describe the simple functions of the			
basic parts of the digestive system in			
humans			
identify the different types of teeth in			✓
humans and their simple functions			
construct and interpret a variety of			
food chains, identifying producers,			
predators and prey.			
Sound - Pupils should be taught to:			
identify how sounds are made,			
associating some of them with			
something vibrating			
recognise that vibrations from sounds			
travel through a medium the ear			
find patterns between the pitch of a			
sound and features of the object that	✓		
produced it			
find patterns between the volume of a			
sound and the strength of the			
vibrations that produced it			
recognise that sounds get fainter as			
the distance from the sound source			
increases			
	upils should be tau	ight to:	
recognise that living things can be			
grouped in a variety of ways			
explore and use keys to help group,			
identify and name a variety of living			
things in their local and wider		<b>✓</b>	
environment			
recognise that environments can			
change and that this can sometimes			
pose dangers to living things.			
Electricity - Pupils should be taught to:			
identify common appliances that run on electricity			
construct a simple series electrical	✓		
circuit, identifying & naming its basic			
s. July identifying a naming its busic			

parts, inc. cells, wires, bulbs, switches
buzzers
identify whether a lamp will light in a
simple series circuit, based on
whether the lamp is part of a
complete loop with a battery
recognise that a switch opens and
closes a circuit and associate this with
whether a lamp lights in a simple
series circuit
recognise some common conductors
and insulators, and associate metals
with being good conductors

Art Objectives	Autumn	Spring	Summer
Pupils should be taught to develop their techniques, including their control and their use of materials, with creativity, experimentation and an increasing awareness of different kinds of art, craft and design.	✓	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
to create sketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas	✓	✓	✓
improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials [for example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay]	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
about great artists, architects and designers in history.		Thomas Minton Thomas Telford Charles Darwin	<b>√</b> Hokusai

Y4 PE Objectives	Autumn	Spring	Summer
Pupils should be taught to:			
use running, jumping, throwing & catching in isolation and in combination	✓		✓
play competitive games, modified where appropriate [for example, badminton, basketball, cricket, football, hockey, netball, rounders and tennis], and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending	<b>√</b> Outdoor		✓ Outdoor (1/2 term)

develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance [for example, through athletics and gymnastics]		√ Indoor (1/2 term)	Athletics - Outdoor (1/2 term) Yoga/Pilates - Indoor (1/2 term)
perform dances using a range of movement patterns	√ Indoor (1/2 term)	√ Indoor (1/2 term)	✓ Cultural - Indoor (1/2 term)
take part in outdoor and adventurous activity challenges both individually and within a team	✓ Indoor (1/2 term)	✓ Outdoor (<1/2 term)	
compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best.	<b>*</b>	<b>✓</b>	*
Swimming and water safety All schools must provide swimming instruction either in KS1 or KS2. swim competently, confidently and proficiently over a distance of at least 25m use a range of strokes effectively [e.g. front crawl, backstroke and breaststroke] perform safe self-rescue in different water-based situations.		✓ Outdoor (>1/2 term)	

Music Objectives	Autumn	Spring	Summer
play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression	✓	✓	<b>✓</b>
improvise and compose music for a range of purposes using the interrelated dimensions of music	✓	✓	<b>√</b>
listen with attention to detail and recall sounds with increasing aural memory	✓	✓	✓
use & understand staff and other musical notations Graphic notation for Y3	✓	✓	✓
appreciate and understand a wide range of high-quality live and recorded music drawn from different traditions and from great composers and musicians	✓	✓	✓

develop an understanding of the		✓
history of music.	Anglo	-Saxon &
	Vikir	ng saga
	Si	ongs

Languages Objectives	Autumn	Spring	Summer
Pupils should be taught to:			
listen attentively to spoken language and show understanding by joining in and responding	✓	<b>√</b>	1
explore the patterns and sounds of language through songs and rhymes and link the spelling, sound and meaning of words	✓	✓	✓
engage in conversations; ask and answer questions; express opinions and respond to those of others; seek clarification and help*	✓	✓	✓
speak in sentences, using familiar vocabulary, phrases and basic language structures	✓	✓	✓
develop accurate pronunciation and intonation so that others understand when they are reading aloud or using familiar words and phrases*	✓	✓	✓
present ideas and information orally to a range of audiences*	✓	✓	✓
read carefully and show understanding of words, phrases and simple writing			
appreciate stories, songs, poems and rhymes in the language	✓	✓	✓
broaden their vocabulary and develop their ability to understand new words that are introduced into familiar written material, including through using a dictionary	✓	✓	✓
write phrases from memory, and adapt these to create new sentences, to express ideas clearly	✓	✓	✓
describe people, places, things and actions orally* and in writing	✓	✓	✓
understand basic grammar appropriate to the language being studied, including (where relevant): feminine, masculine and neuter forms and the conjugation of high-frequency verbs; key features and patterns of the language; how to apply these, for instance, to build sentences; and how	✓	✓	✓

these differ from or are similar to		
English		

Computing Objectives	Autumn	Spring	Summer
KODU & SCRATCH design, write and debug programs that accomplish specific goals, including controlling or simulating physical systems; solve problems by decomposing them into smaller parts	<b>✓</b>		*
use sequence, selection, and repetition in programs; work with variables and various forms of input and output	✓		✓
use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms work and to detect and correct errors in algorithms and programs	✓		✓
understand computer networks including how they can provide multiple services, such as the world wide web; and the opportunities they offer for communication and collaboration		<b>√</b>	
appreciate how results are selected and ranked, and be discerning in evaluating digital content		✓	
Select and use and combine a variety of software (including internet services) on a range of digital devices to design and create a range of programs, systems and content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating and presenting data and information		✓	
Use technology safely, respectfully and responsibly; recognise acceptable/unacceptable behaviour; identify a range of ways to report concerns about content and contact.	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>